

# Технологии Java

## Android: Activity и Ресурсы

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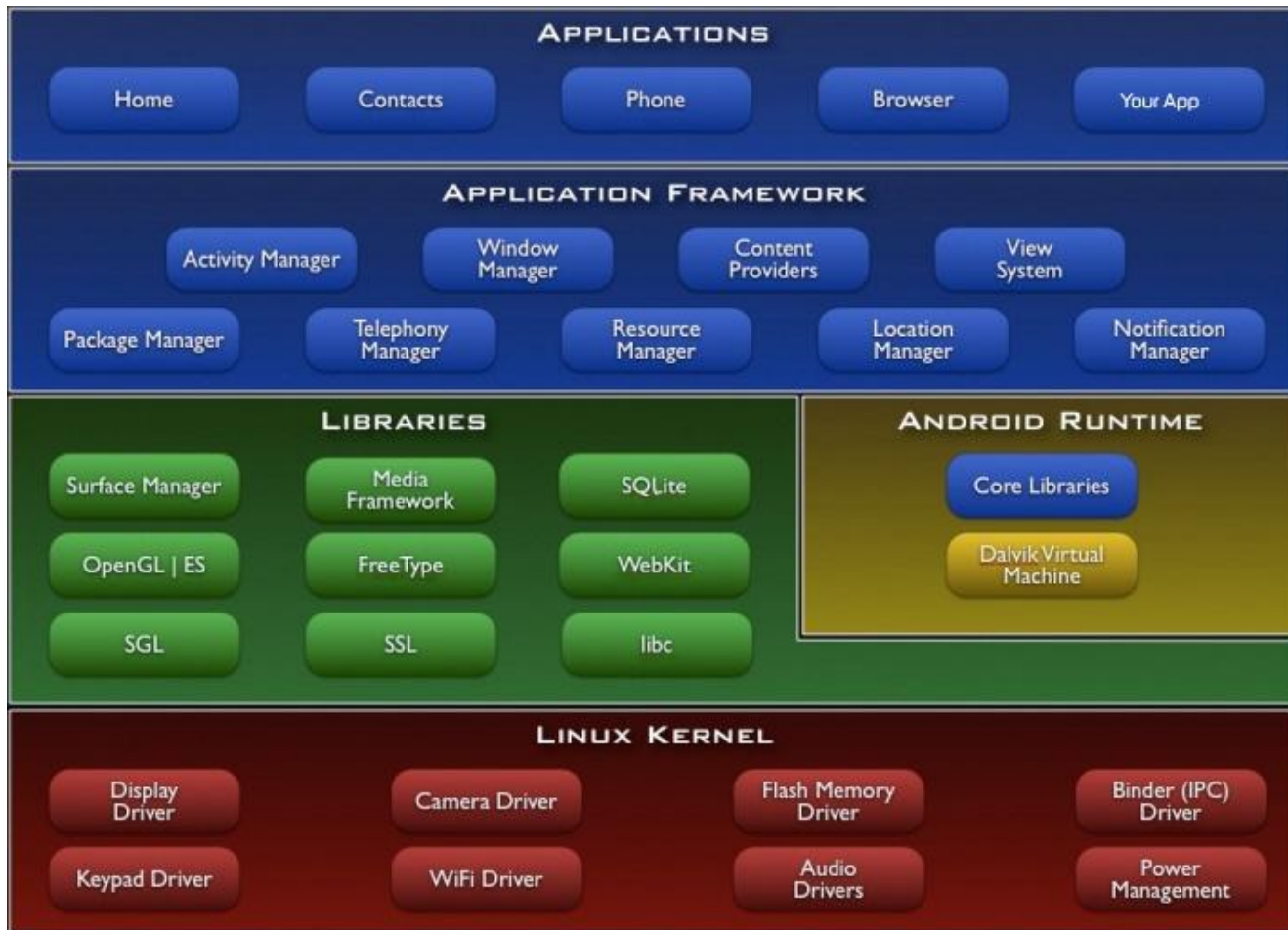
# В предыдущих лекциях...

- Android SDK r21
  - <http://developer.android.com/sdk/index.html>
- Eclipse IDE for Mobile Developers
  - <http://eclipse.org/mobile/>
- ADT Plugin для Eclipse
  - <https://dl-ssl.google.com/android/eclipse/>
- Java SE Development Kit 7
  - <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/jdk7-downloads-1880260.html>

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# В предыдущих лекциях...



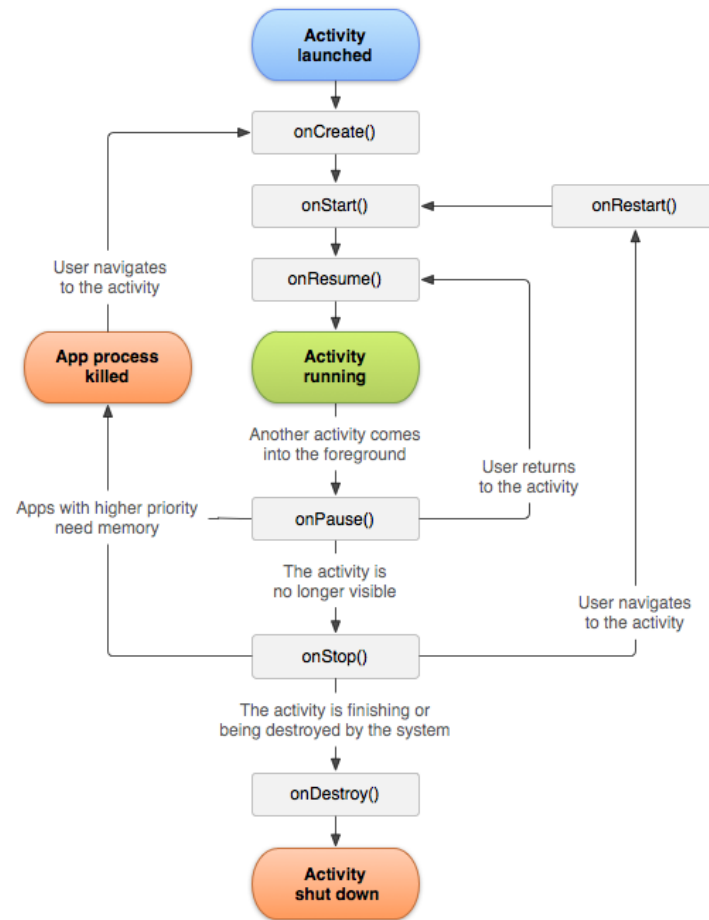
See <http://www.android-app-market.com/android-architecture.html>

# В предыдущих лекциях...

- Activities
- Services
- Content Providers
- Broadcast Receivers
- Intents

As a developer we need only to call and extend these already defined classes to use in our application.

# В предыдущих лекциях...



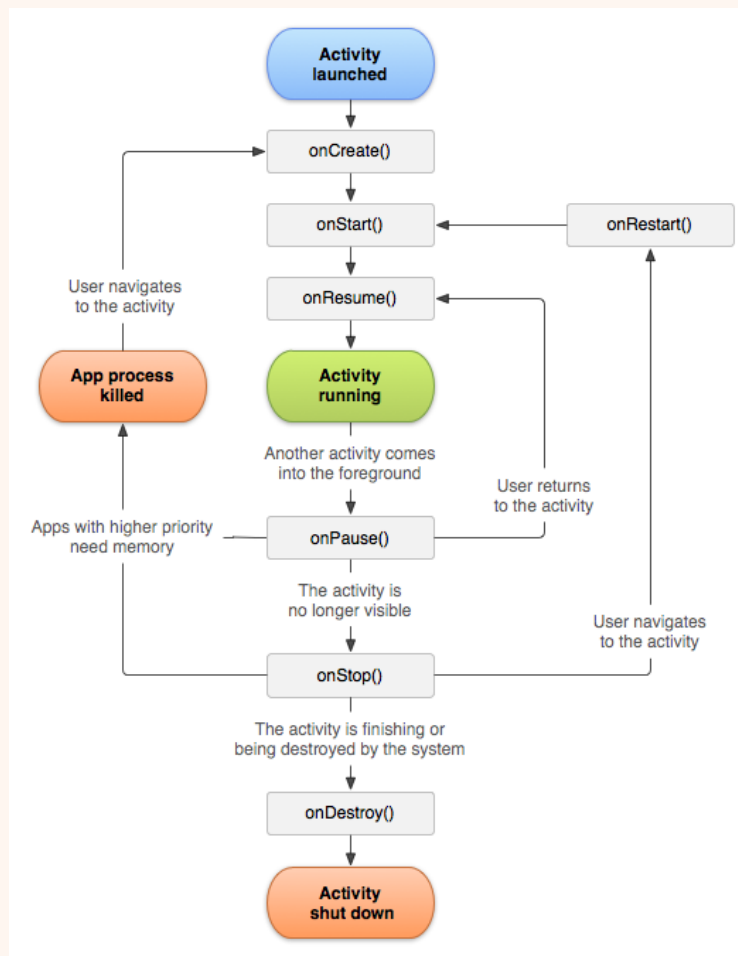
# В предыдущих лекциях...

- ДЗ (?)

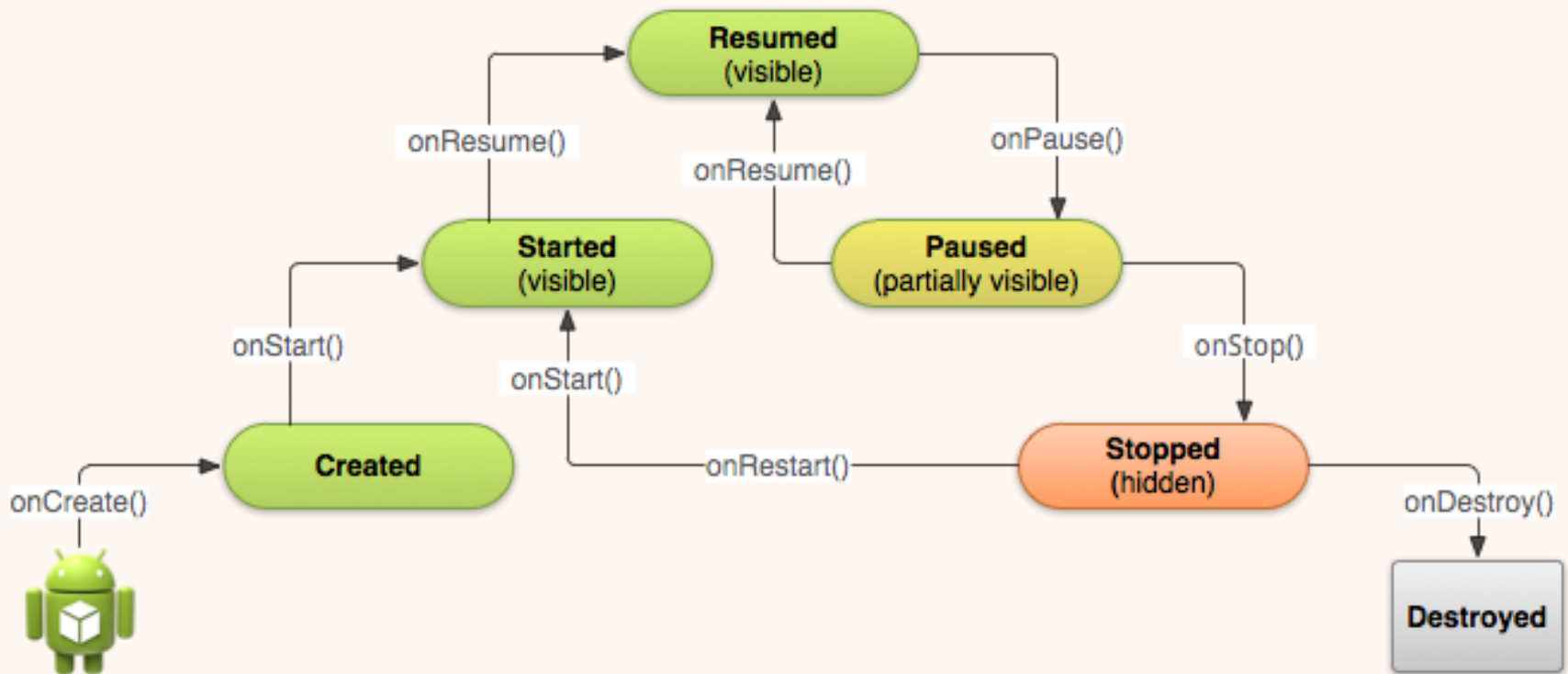
# ACTIVITIES IN ANDROID

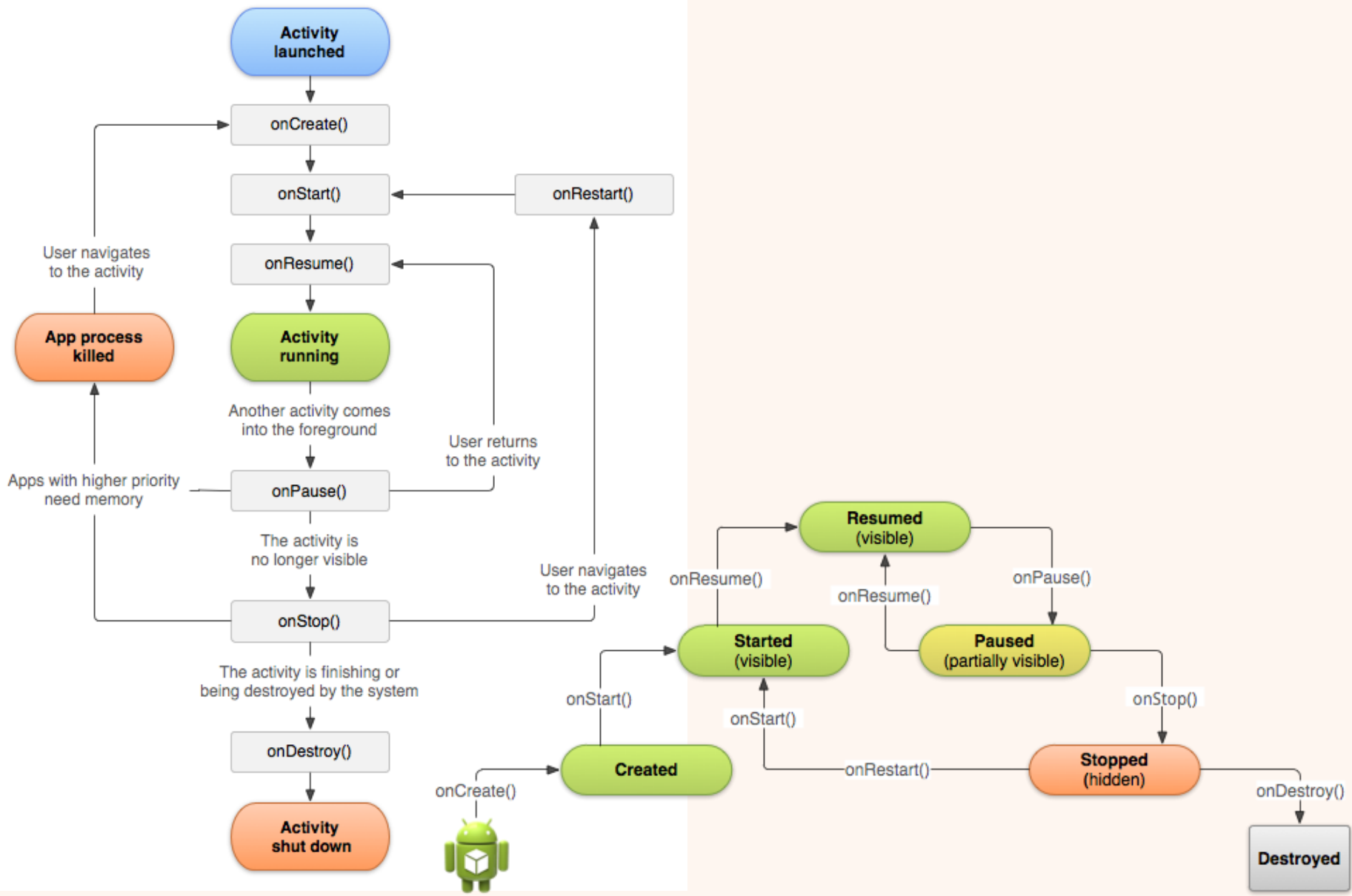


# Жизненный Цикл Activity (1)



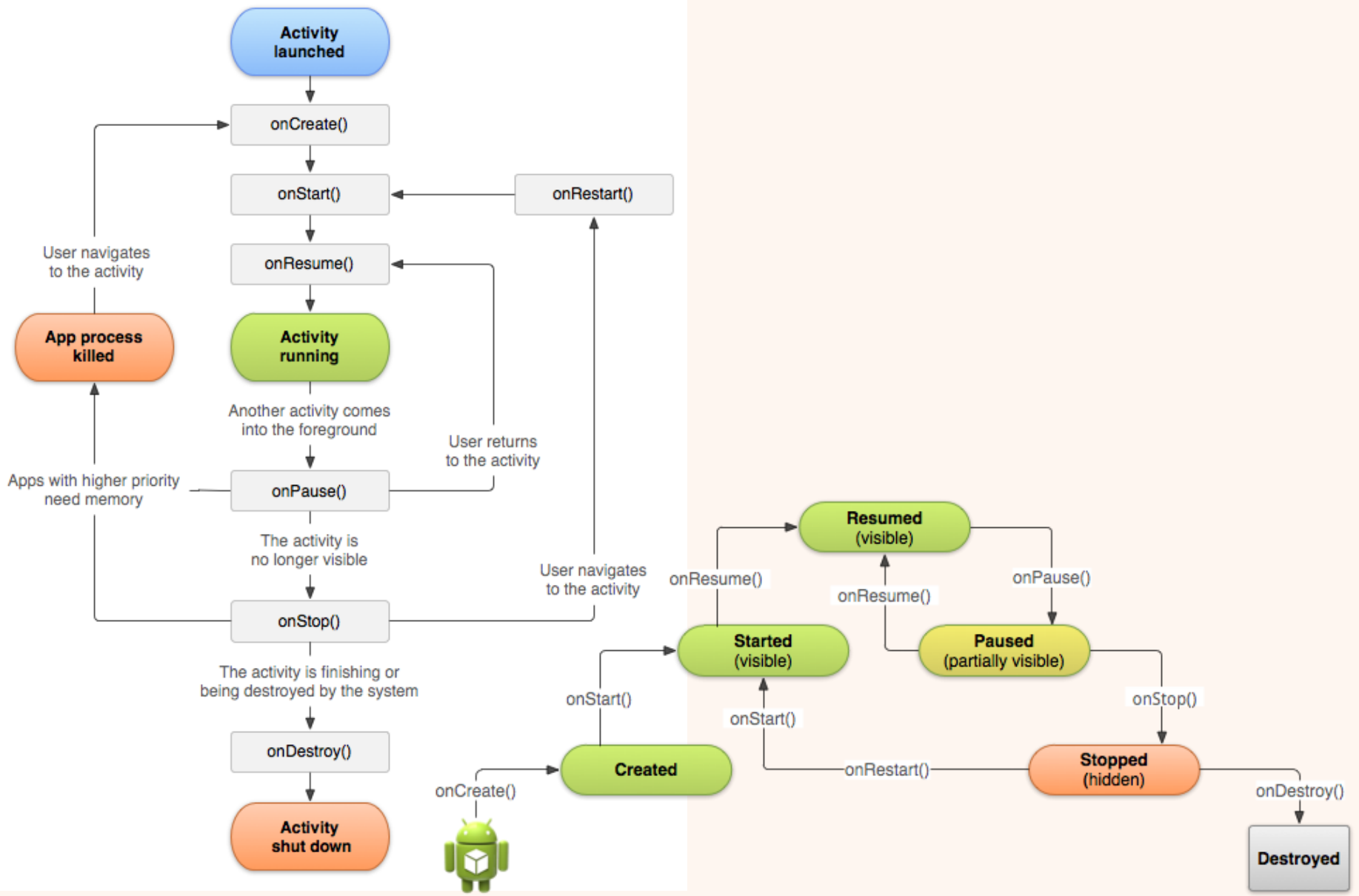
# Жизненный Цикл Activity (2)





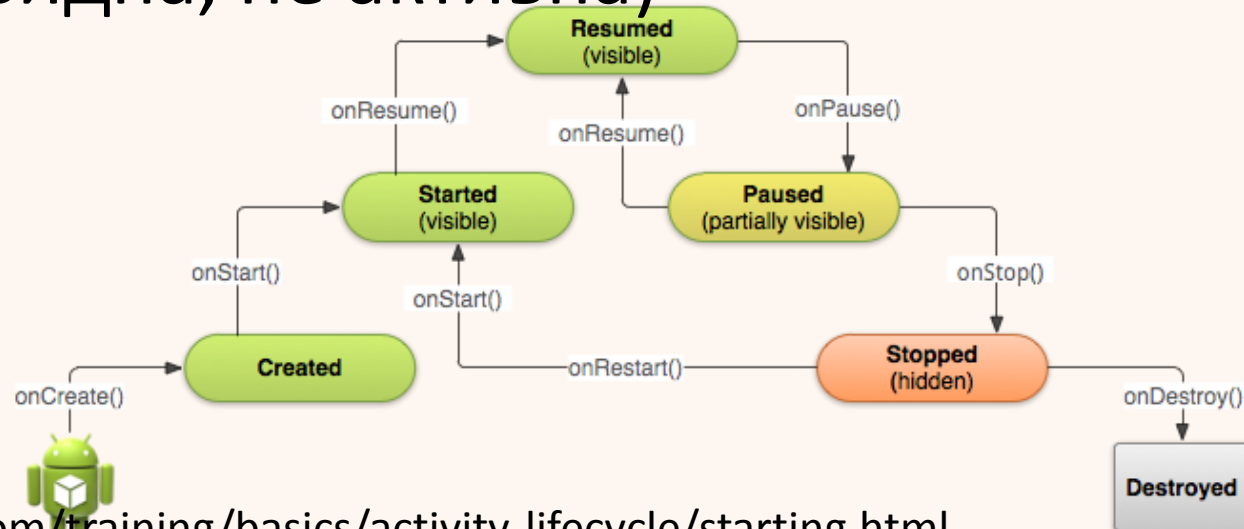
# Жизненный Цикл Activity (3)

- Does not crash if the user receives a phone call or switches to another app while using your app
- Does not consume valuable system resources when the user is not actively using it
- Does not lose the user's progress if they leave your app and return to it at a later time
- Does not crash or lose the user's progress when the screen rotates between landscape and portrait orientation



# Стабильные Состояния

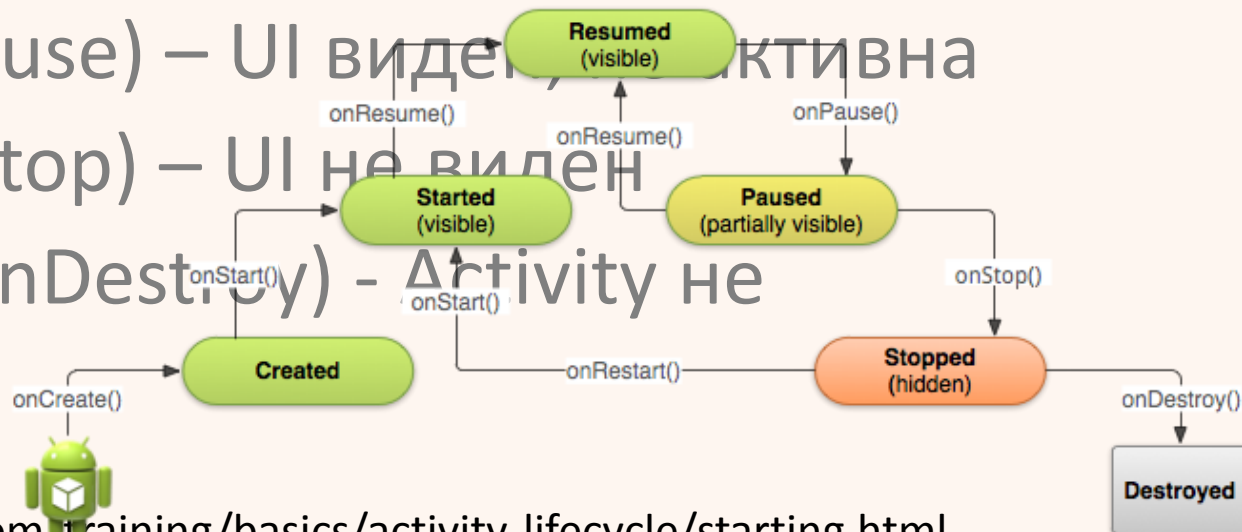
- Destroyed (не создана/разрушена)
- Resumed (Running – видна, активна)
- Paused (частично видна, не активна)
- Stopped (не видна, не активна)



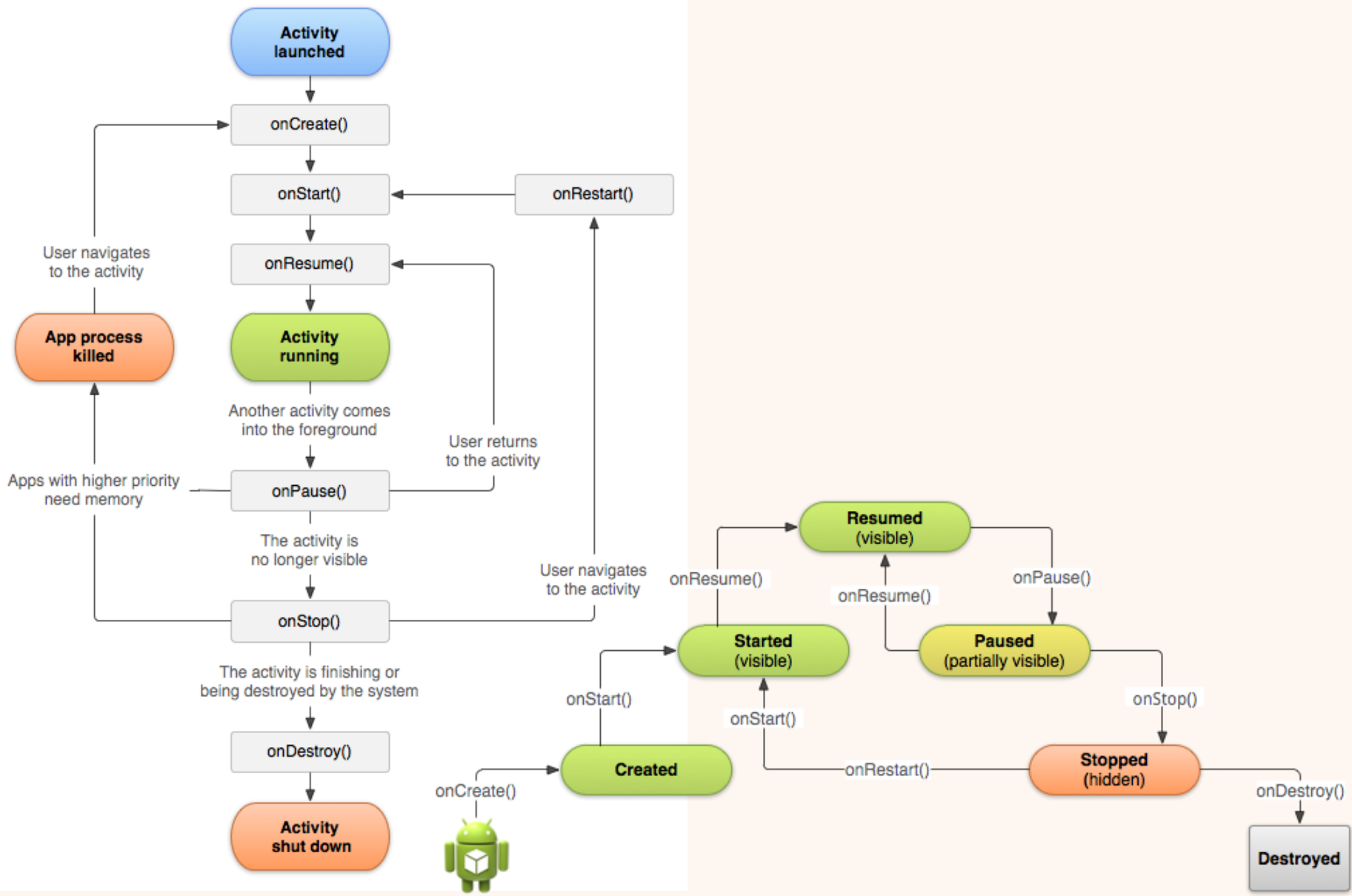
<http://developer.android.com/training/basics/activity-lifecycle/starting.html>

# Переходные Состояния

- Destroyed () – Activity не существует
- Created (onCreate) – UI не виден
- Started (onStart) – UI виден, не активна
- Resumed (onResume) = RUNNING – активна
- Paused (onPause) – UI виден, не активна
- Stopped (onStop) – UI не виден
- Destroyed (onDestroy) – Activity не существует



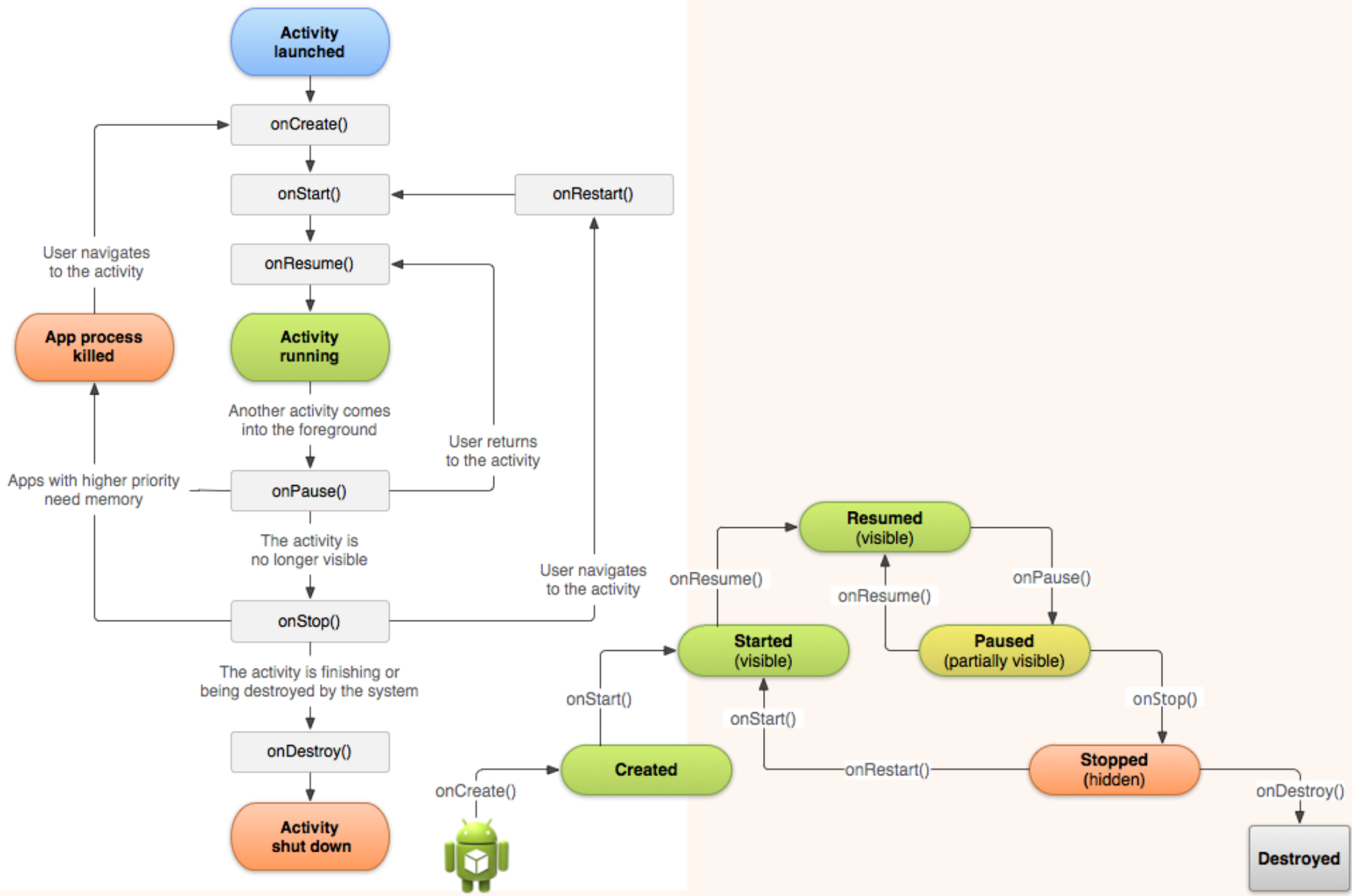
<http://developer.android.com/training/basics/activity-lifecycle/starting.html>





# onCreate/onDestroy

- onCreate
  - Логика, выполняющаяся только 1 раз за всю жизнь Activity: создание UI, инстанцирование членов класса и т.п.
- onDestroy
  - Остановка потоков и освобождение прочих ресурсов, занятых/созданных в onCreate
  - Обычно перегружать не требуется

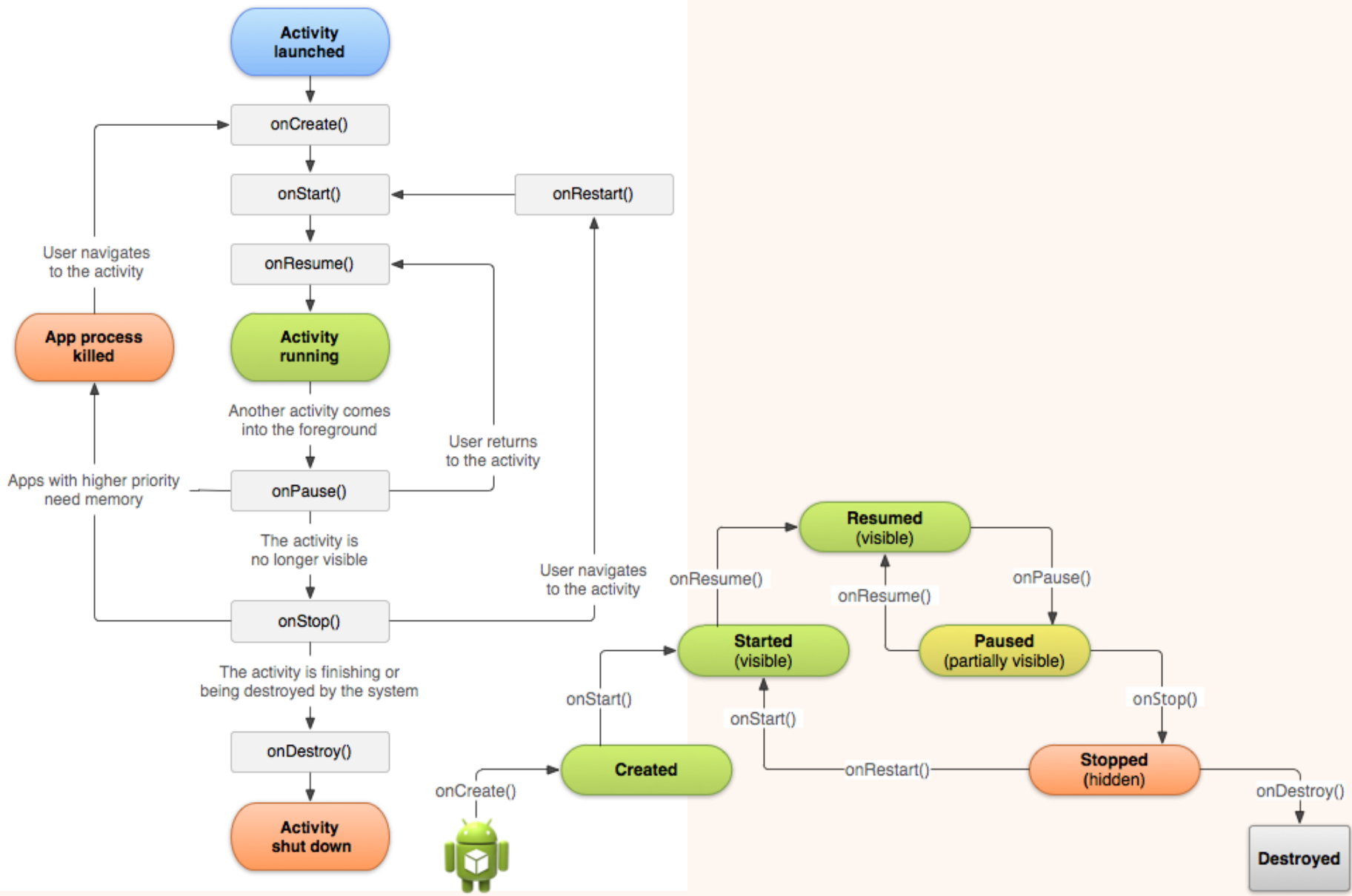


# onResume/onPause

- onPause – остановить все процессы и сервисы, потребляющие CPU и батарею
  - Остановить анимацию и прочие действия потребляющие большое время CPU
  - Освободить системные ресурсы: broadcast receivers, handles to sensors (like GPS), и прочие сенсоры, которые могут сократить время жизни батареи
- В реализации метода onPause избегать ресурсоемких действий (например, запись в БД)
  - Такие действия лучше проводить в onStop

# onResume/onPause

- onResume
  - Инициализировать/создать ресурсы, освобожденные в onPause (анимация, сенсоры, broadcast receivers и т.п.)
  - Инициализировать/создать ресурсы, которые должны быть обновлены перед тем, как Activity начнет работать
    - Например, обновить громкость звука

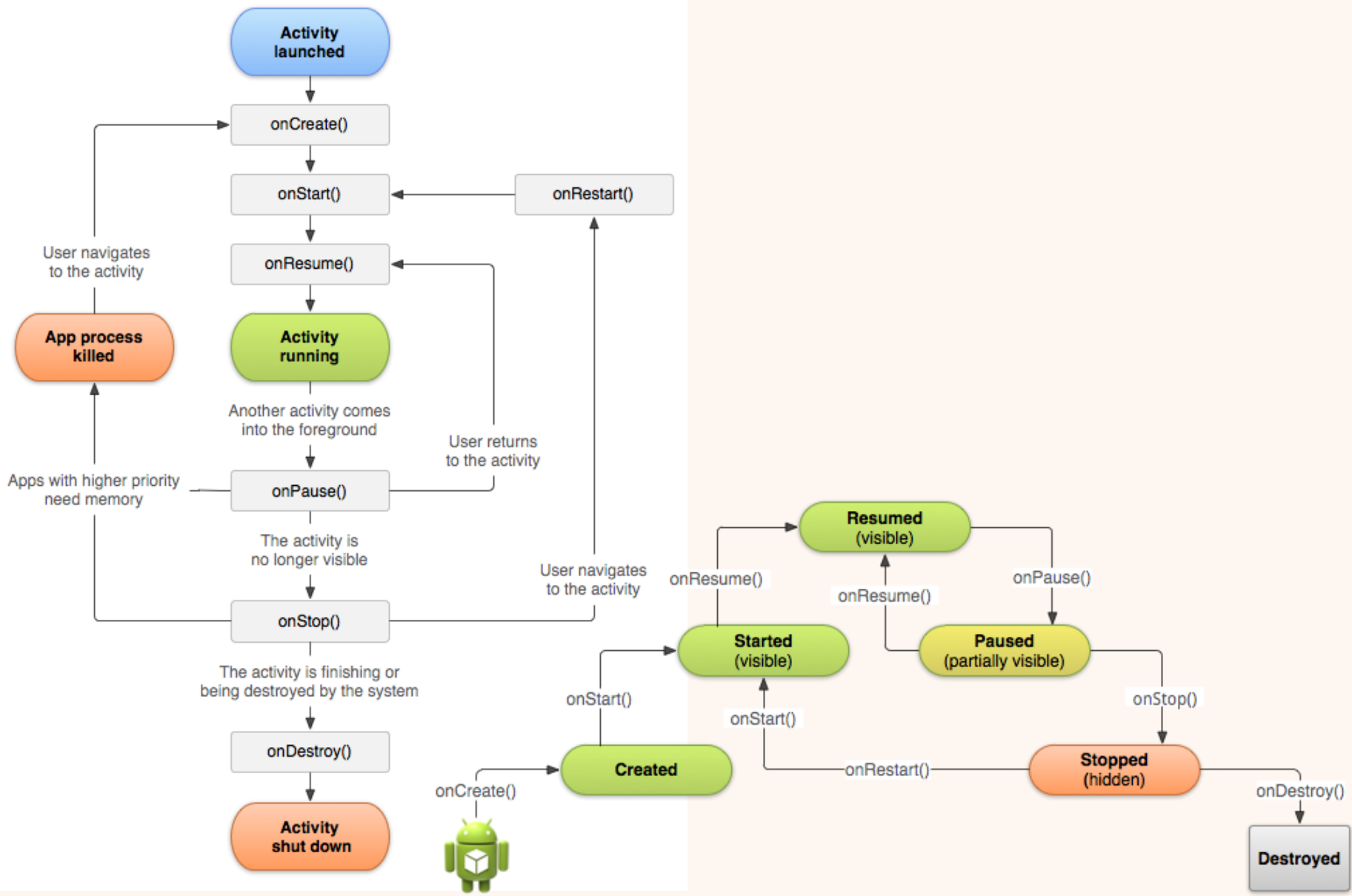


# onStop/onRestart/onStart

- onStop
  - Освободить все системные ресурсы, которые не требуются Activity, когда она не видна на экране
  - Выполнение больших ресурсоемких операций по остановке Activity (например, запись данных в БД)
- onStart
  - Создать/захватить ресурсы

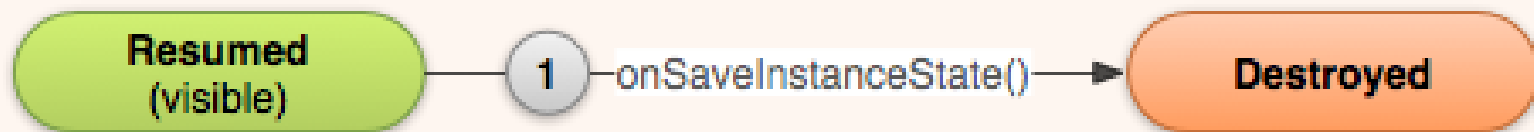
# onStop/onRestart/onStart

- onRestart
  - Используется крайне редко

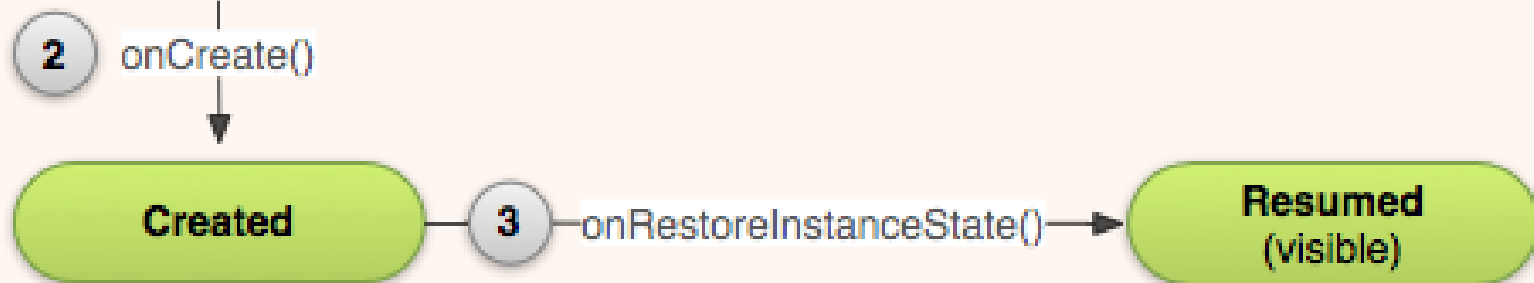




# Recreating an Activity



**Not activity lifecycle callbacks!**



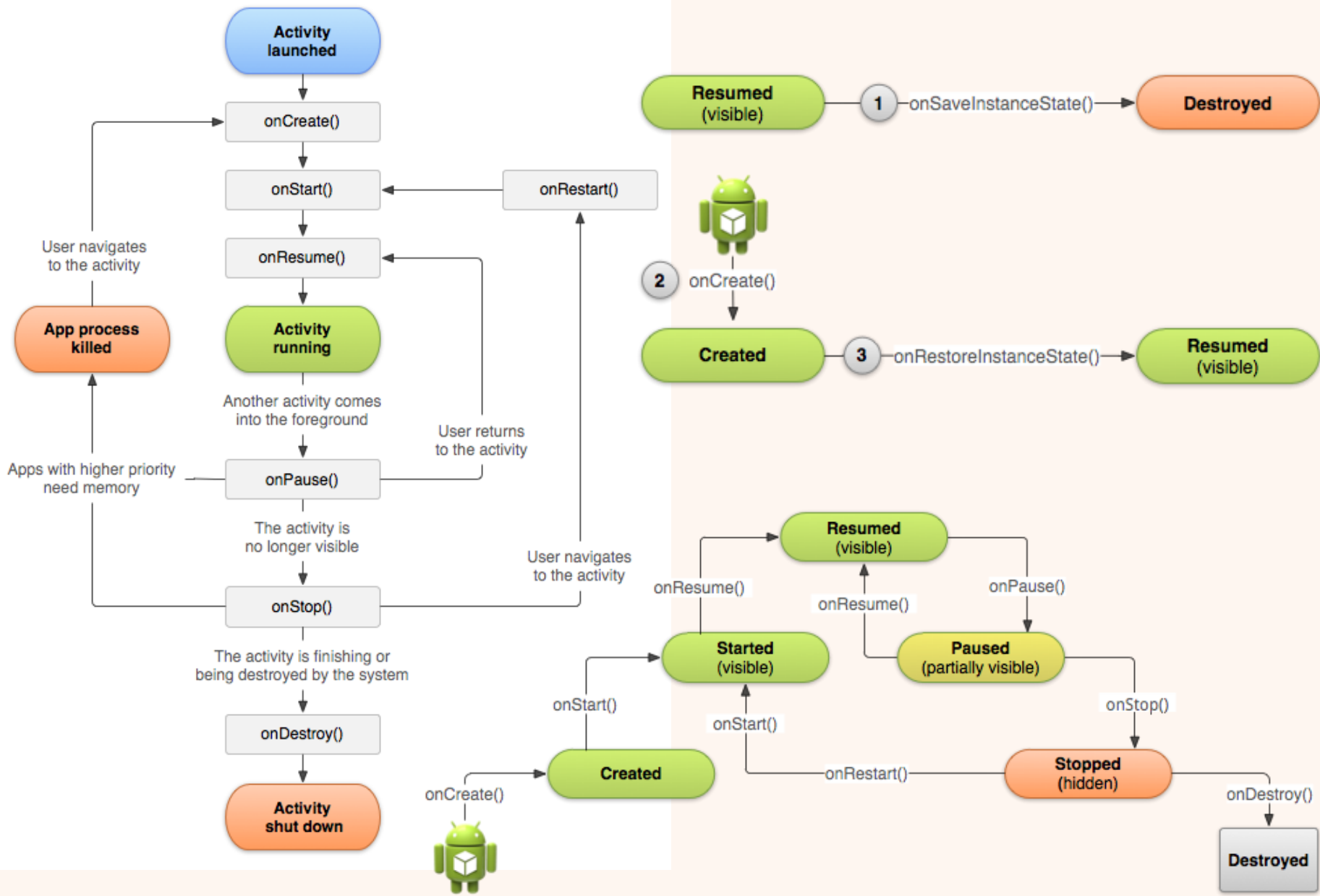
# onRestoreInstanceState/ onSaveInstanceState

- onSaveInstanceState (Bundle outState)
  - Called to retrieve per-instance state from an activity before being killed so that the state can be restored in onCreate(Bundle) or onRestoreInstanceState(Bundle)
  - If called, this method will occur before onStop()

# onRestoreInstanceState/ onSaveInstanceState

- onRestoreInstanceState (Bundle savedInstanceState)
  - This method is called after onStart() when the activity is being re-initialized from a previously saved state
  - Most implementations will simply use onCreate(Bundle) to restore their state

При перегрузке любого метода сначала  
вызвать метод базового класса!



# RESOURCES IN ANDROID

# Типы ресурсов (1)

- Все ресурсы хранятся в каталоге “res”
- Тип ресурса определяется **именем подкаталога**

```
MyProject/  
  src/  
    MainActivity.java  
  res/  
    drawable/  
      icon.png  
    layout/  
      main.xml  
      info.xml  
    values/  
      strings.xml
```

# Типы ресурсов (2)

- ./animator/\*
- ./anim/\*
- ./xml/\*
- ./drawable/\*
  - Bitmap files (png, 9.png, jpg, gif)
  - State lists
  - Shapes
  - Other drawables



# Типы ресурсов (3)

- ./layout/\*
- ./menu/\*
- ./raw/\*
- ./values/\*
  - arrays.xml
  - colors.xml
  - dims.xml
  - strings.xml
  - styles.xml

# Drawable

- Bitmap files (png, 9.png, jpg, gif)
  - See `\Android\android-sdk\tools\draw9patch.bat`
- State lists
- Shapes

# Drawable: State Lists

- Layer List
  - A Drawable that manages an array of other Drawables. These are drawn in array order, so the element with the largest index is be drawn on top.
- State List
  - An XML file that references different bitmap graphics for different states (for example, to use a different image when a button is pressed)
- Level List
  - An XML file that defines a drawable that manages a number of alternate Drawables, each assigned a maximum numerical value

# Drawable: Layer List



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<layer-list
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android" >
  <item
    android:drawable="@ [package:]drawable/drawable_resource"
    android:id="@ [+] [package:]id/resource_name"
    android:top="dimension"
    android:right="dimension"
    android:bottom="dimension"
    android:left="dimension" />
</layer-list>
```

# Drawable: State List (1)



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<selector
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:constantSize=["true" | "false"]
  android:dither=["true" | "false"]
  android:variablePadding=["true" | "false"] >
  <item
    android:drawable="@ [package:]drawable/drawable_resource"
    android:state_pressed=["true" | "false"]
    android:state_focused=["true" | "false"]
    android:state_hovered=["true" | "false"]
    android:state_selected=["true" | "false"]
    android:state_checkable=["true" | "false"]
    android:state_checked=["true" | "false"]
    android:state_enabled=["true" | "false"]
    android:state_activated=["true" | "false"]
    android:state_window_focused=["true" | "false"] />
</selector>
```

# Drawable: State List (2)



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<selector xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
  <item android:state_pressed="true"
        android:drawable="@drawable/button_pressed" /> <!-- pressed -->
  <item android:state_focused="true"
        android:drawable="@drawable/button_focused" /> <!-- focused -->
  <item android:state_hovered="true"
        android:drawable="@drawable/button_focused" /> <!-- hovered -->
  <item android:drawable="@drawable/button_normal" /> <!-- default -->
</selector>
```

# Drawable: Level List (1)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<level-list
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android" >
  <item
    android:drawable="@drawable/drawable_resource"
    android:maxLevel="integer"
    android:minLevel="integer" />
</level-list>
```



# Drawable: Level List (2)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<level-list xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android" >
  <item
    android:drawable="@drawable/status_off"
    android:maxLevel="0" />
  <item
    android:drawable="@drawable/status_on"
    android:maxLevel="1" />
</level-list>
```





# Drawable: Other (1)

- Transition Drawable
  - An XML file that defines a drawable that can cross-fade between two drawable resources
- Inset Drawable
  - An XML file that defines a drawable that insets another drawable by a specified distance. This is useful when a View needs a background drawable that is smaller than the View's actual bounds.

# Drawable: Other (2)

- Clip Drawable
  - An XML file that defines a drawable that clips another Drawable based on this Drawable's current level value
- Scale Drawable
  - An XML file that defines a drawable that changes the size of another Drawable based on its current level value

# Drawable: Shape (1)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<shape
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:shape=["rectangle" | "oval" | "line" | "ring"] >
  <corners
    android:radius="integer"
    android:topLeftRadius="integer"
    android:topRightRadius="integer"
    android:bottomLeftRadius="integer"
    android:bottomRightRadius="integer" />
  <gradient
    android:angle="integer"
    android:centerX="integer"
    android:centerY="integer"
    android:centerColor="integer"
    android:endColor="color"
    android:gradientRadius="integer"
    android:startColor="color"
    android:type=["linear" | "radial" | "sweep"]
    android:useLevel=["true" | "false"] />
```

# Drawable: Shape (2)

```
<u>padding
    android:left="integer"
    android:top="integer"
    android:right="integer"
    android:bottom="integer" />
<u>size
    android:width="integer"
    android:height="integer" />
<u>solid
    android:color="color" />
<u>stroke
    android:width="integer"
    android:color="color"
    android:dashWidth="integer"
    android:dashGap="integer" />
</shape>
```

# Drawable: Shape (3)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<shape
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:shape="rectangle">
    <gradient
        android:startColor="#FFFF0000"
        android:endColor="#80FF00FF"
        android:angle="45" />
    <padding android:left="7dp"
        android:top="7dp"
        android:right="7dp"
        android:bottom="7dp" />
    <corners android:radius="8dp" />
</shape>
```

# Values

- String, String Array, Quantity Strings (Plurals)
- Style
- Bool
- Color
- Dimension
- ID
- Integer
- Integer Array
- Typed Array

# Values: String (1)

- String
  - XML resource that provides a single string
- String Array
  - XML resource that provides an array of strings
- Quantity Strings (Plurals)
  - XML resource that carries different strings for pluralization

# Values: String (2)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
  <string
    name="string_name"
    >text_string</string>
</resources>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
  <string name="hello">Hello!</string>
</resources>
```



# Values: String Array (1)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
  <string-array
    name="string_array_name">
    <item
      >text_string</item>
    </string-array>
</resources>
```

# Values: String Array (2)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
  <string-array name="planets_array">
    <item>Mercury</item>
    <item>Venus</item>
    <item>Earth</item>
    <item>Mars</item>
  </string-array>
</resources>
```

# Values: Quantity Strings (Plurals)

## (1)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
  <plurals
    name="plural_name">
    <item
      quantity=["zero" | "one" | "two" | "few" |
"many" | "other"]
      >text_string</item>
    </plurals>
</resources>
```

# Values: Quantity Strings (Plurals)

## (2)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
  <plurals name="numberOfSongsAvailable">
    <item quantity="one">One song found.</item>
    <item quantity="other">%d songs found.</item>
  </plurals>
</resources>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
  <plurals name="numberOfSongsAvailable">
    <item quantity="one">Znalezione jedną piosenkę.</item>
    <item quantity="few">Znalezione %d piosenki.</item>
    <item quantity="other">Znalezione %d piosenek.</item>
  </plurals>
</resources>
```

# Values (other)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
  <bool name="screen_small">true</bool>
  <color name="translucent_red">#80ff0000</color>
  <item type="id" name="button_ok" />
  <integer name="max_speed">75</integer>
  <integer-array name="bits">
    <item>4</item>
    <item>8</item>
  </integer-array>
  <array name="icons">
    <item>@drawable/home</item>
    <item>@drawable/settings</item>
  </array>
  <array name="colors">
    <item>#FFFF0000</item>
    <item>#FF00FF00</item>
  </array>
</resources>
```

# Values: Dimension (1)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
  <dimen name="textview_height">25dp</dimen>
  <dimen name="textview_width">150dp</dimen>
  <dimen name="ball_radius">30dp</dimen>
  <dimen name="font_size">16sp</dimen>
</resources>
```

# Values: Dimension (2)

- “dp”
  - Density-independent Pixels - An abstract unit that is based on the physical density of the screen.
- “sp”
  - Scale-independent Pixels - This is like the dp unit, but it is also scaled by the user's font size preference.
- “pt”
  - Points -  $1/72$  of an inch.

# Values: Dimension (3)

- “px”
  - Pixels
- “mm”
  - Millimeters
- “in”
  - Inches



# Layout

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<ViewGroup xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:id="@+[package:]id/resource_name"
    android:layout_height=["dimension" | "fill_parent" | "wrap_content"]
    android:layout_width=["dimension" | "fill_parent" | "wrap_content"]
    [ViewGroup-specific attributes] >
    <View
        android:id="@+[package:]id/resource_name"
        android:layout_height=["dimension" | "fill_parent" |
"wrap_content"]
        android:layout_width=["dimension" | "fill_parent" | "wrap_content"]
        [View-specific attributes] >
        <requestFocus/>
    </View>
    <ViewGroup >
        <View />
    </ViewGroup>
    <include layout="@layout/layout_resource"/>
</ViewGroup>
```

# Layout: Root Element

- ViewGroup
  - LinearLayout, RelativeLayout, FrameLayout, etc.
- View
  - TextView, Button, CheckBox, etc.
- <merge>
  - An alternative root element that is not drawn in the layout hierarchy

# <include>

```
<include layout="@layout/layout_resource"  
    android:id="@+[package:]id/resource_name"  
    android:layout_height=["dimension" |  
"fill_parent" | "wrap_content"]  
    android:layout_width=["dimension" |  
"fill_parent" | "wrap_content"] />
```

- <merge>
  - An alternative root element that is not drawn in the layout hierarchy

# android:id

- "@+id/*name*"
- Valid ID resource

# android:layout\_height and android:layout\_width

Value	Description
match_parent	Sets the dimension to match that of the parent element. Added in API Level 8 to deprecate fill_parent.
fill_parent	Sets the dimension to match that of the parent element.
wrap_content	Sets the dimension only to the size required to fit the content of this element.

# Menu

- <http://developer.android.com/guide/topics/resources/menu-resource.html>

# Пример

- Eclipse